(XXXII YEAR.) THE (N° 1651.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1777.

HAGUE, *January* 3.

LETTERS from Rome inform us, that a conſpiracy has been diſcovered againſt the pope, and that ſeveral pieces of cannon in the caſtle of Angelo had been found charged, pointing to a ſtreet which the pope generally goes through to his palace of the Vatican.

Cherbourg, Dec. 19. The baſon of our port, which we have been many years cleanſing, is at laſt effected, and on the 14th of December the firſt ſhip entered it, amidſt the acclamations of the inhabitants.

LONDON.

From the LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

Whitehall, November 4, 1776.

THE following letters from the honourable general Sir William Howe to lord George Germaine, were received in the evening of the 2d inſtant, by capt. Balfour, ſecond aid-de-camp to general Sir William Howe, who arrived in the Lord Halifax packet from New-York.

Head-quarters, York-Iſland, Sept. 21, 1776.

MY LORD,

I have the ſatisfaction to inform your lordſhip of his majeſty's troops being in poſſeſſion of the city of New-York.

Upon the rebels abandoning their lines at Brooklyn, the king's army moved from Bedford, leaving lieutenant general Heiſter encamped upon the heights of Brooklyn, with two brigades of Heſſians, and one brigade of Britiſh, at Bedford, and took five poſitions in the neighbourhood of Newtown, Buſhwick, Hell-Gate, and Fluſhing.

The two iſlands of Montreſor and Buchannan were occupied, and batteries raiſed againſt the enemy's work at Horen's-Hook, commanding the paſſage at Hell-Gate.

On the 15th inſtant in the morning, three ſhips of war paſſed up the North-River, as far as Bloomingdale, to draw the enemy's attention to that ſide; and the firſt diviſion of troops, conſiſting of the light infantry, the Britiſh reſerve, the Heſſian grenadiers and chaſſeurs, under the command of lieutenant general Clinton, having with him lieut. gen. earl Cornwallis, major general Vaughan, brigadier general Leſſie, and colonel Donop, embarked at the head of New-Town creek, and landed about noon upon New-York iſland, three miles from the town, at a place called Kepp's-Bay, under the fire of two forty gun ſhips and three frigates, as per margin,* commodore Hotham having the direction of the ſhips and boats.

The rebels had troops in their works round Kepp's-Bay; but their attention being engaged in expectation of the king's troops landing at Stuyveſant's-Cove, Horen's-Hook, and at Harlem, which they had reaſon to conclude, Kepp's-Bay became only a ſecondary object of their care. The fire of the ſhipping being ſo well directed, and ſo inceſſant, the enemy could not remain in their works, and the deſcent was made without the leaſt oppoſition.

The conduct of the officers of the navy does them much honour; and the behaviour of the ſeamen belonging to the ſhips of war and tranſports, employed to row the boats, was highly meritorious. Much praiſe in particular is due to the maſters and men of ſix tranſports, that paſſed the town on the evening of the 14th under a heavy fire, being volunteers, to take troops on board for the more ſpeedy diſembarkation of the 2d diviſion.

The Britiſh immediately took poſt upon the commanding height of Inclenberg, and the Heſſians moving towards New-York, fell in with a body of rebels that were retiring from Stuyveſant's Cove; ſome firing enſued, by which a brigadier-general, other officers, and ſeveral men of the rebels were killed and wounded, with the loſs of four men killed, and eight wounded, on the part of the Heſſians.

As ſoon as the ſecond embarkation was landed, the troops advanced towards a corps of the enemy upon a riſing ground three miles from Inclenberg, towards King's-Bridge, having M'Gowan's-Poſt in their rear; upon which they immediately retired to the main body of their army upon Morris's-Height.

The enemy having evacuated New-York ſoon after the army landed, a brigade took poſſeſſion of the works in the evening.

The priſoners made in the courſe of this day were about 20 officers and 300 men.—The incloſed return will ſhew the artillery and ſtores taken.

The poſition the king's army took, on the 15th in the evening, was with the right to Horen's-Hook, and the left at the North-River, near to Bloomingdale, the rebel army occupying the ground with extenſive works on both ſides of Kings-Bridge, and a redoubt with cannon upon a height on the weſt ſide of the North-River, oppoſite to the Blue Bell, where the enemy have their principal work; in which poſitions both armies ſtill continue.

On the 16th in the morning, a large party of the enemy having paſſed under cover of the woods near to the advanced poſts of the army, by way of Vanderwater's-Height, the 2d and 3d battalions of light infantry, ſupported by the 42d regiment, puſhed forward, and drove them back to their entrenchments, from whence the enemy obſerving they were not in force, attacked them with near three thouſand men, which occaſioned the march of the reſerve, with two field-pieces, a battalion of Heſſian grenadiers, and the company of chaſſeurs, to prevent the corps engaged from being ſurrounded; but the light infantry and 42d regiment, with the aſſiſtance of the chaſſeurs and field-pieces, repulſed the enemy with conſiderable loſs, and obliged them to retire within their works. The enemy's loſs is not aſcertained; but from accounts of deſerters it is agreed that they had not leſs than 300 killed and wounded, and among them a colonel and major killed. We had eight officers wounded, moſt of them very ſlightly; fourteen men killed, and about ſeventy wounded.

Major-general Vaughan was ſlightly wounded in the thigh, on the 15th, by a random ſhot, as he was aſcending the heights of Inclenberg with the grenadiers; and I have the pleaſure of informing your lordſhip, that lieut. col. Monckton is ſo well recovered, he has been walking about ſome days.

Captain Balfour, my ſecond aid-de-camp, will have the honour of delivering your lordſhip this diſpatch; and, with the moſt profound reſpect,

I have the honour to be, &c.

W. HOWE.

Head-quarters, York-Iſland, Sept. 23, 1776.

MY LORD,

BETWEEN the 20th and 21ſt inſtant, at midnight, a moſt horrid attempt was made by a number of wretches to burn the town of New-York, in which they ſucceeded too well, having ſet it on fire in ſeveral places, with matches and combuſtibles that had been prepared with great art and ingenuity. Many were detected in the fact, and ſome killed upon the ſpot by the enraged troops in garriſon; and had it not been for the exertions of major-general Robertſon, the officers under his command in the town, and the brigade of guards detached from the camp, the whole muſt infallibly have been conſumed, as the night was extremely windy.

The deſtruction is computed to be about one quarter of the town; and we have reaſon to ſuſpect there are villains ſtill lurking there, ready to finiſh the work they have begun, one perſon eſcaping the purſuit of a centinel the following night, having declared, that he would again ſet fire to the town the firſt opportunity. The ſtricteſt ſearch is making after theſe incendiaries, and the moſt effectual meaſures taken to guard againſt the perpetration of their villainous and wicked deſigns.

I have the honour to be, &c.

W. HOWE.

Head-quarters, York-Iſland, Sept. 24, 1776.

MY LORD,

AFTER waiting two days for a favourable wind to move the ſhips of war up to the batteries upon Paulus-Hook, it was effected yeſterday at noon, and the troops landed and took poſſeſſion of the works without the leaſt reſiſtance, the enemy having abandoned their batteries and redoubts, upon the approach of his majeſty's ſhip Roebuck, and two frigates.

I have the honour to be, &c.

W. HOWE.

Return of ordnance and ſtores taken in the city of New-York, and in the adjacent batteries and redoubts, after the retreat of the rebels, September 15, 1776.

Taken in the field.

Ordnance, light braſs, mounted on travelling carriages with limbers:—1 ſix-pounder; 1 five inch and half howitzer.

In New-York, and the adjacent redoubts.

IRON ORDNANCE.

Mounted on garriſon carriages.—15 thirty-two pounders; 7 twelve-pounders; 9 nine-pounders; 1 ſix-pounder; 6 four-pounders; 2 three-pounders.

On a travelling carriage.—1 three-pounder.

Diſmounted.—26.

SHOT.

Round-looſe.—465 thirty-two pounders; 9,300 twenty-four-pounders; 176 eighteen-pounders; 1,342 twelve-pounders; 32 ſix-pounders; 41 three-pounders.

Double headed.—747 thirty-two-pounders; 460 twelve-pounders; 12 nine-pounders; 19 ſix pounders.

Double-headed with ſliding bars.—200 thirty-two-pounders; 170 twelve-pounders; 7 nine-pounders.

Grape quilted.—71 thirty-two pounders; 69 twelve-pounders.

Caſe fixed with powder.—32 nine-pounders; 12 three-pounders.

SHELLS.

Empty.—54 thirteen-inch; 944 ten inch; 395 eight-inch; 738 five-inch and half; 17,871 four-inch two-fifths.

Filled with fuzees drove.—5 thirteen-inch; 2 ten-inch; 30 eight inch; 53 five-inch and half; 45 four-inch and two fifths.

Powder, whole barrel, 1; iron crows 6; maſtelets 52; chevaux de frize complete 81; tar barrels 42; breaſt-plates for engineers armour 35; waggons covered 4.

(*Signed*) SAMUEL CLEAVELAND, brig. gen. commanding royal artillery.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, *November* 4, 1776.

Extract of a letter from vice-admiral lord viſcount Howe to Mr. Stephens, dated Eagle, New-York river, September 18, 1776.

I HAVE the ſatisfaction of being able to inform their lordſhips, that a diſpoſition having been made for landing the army on York-Iſland, on the morning of the 15th, the captains Parker and Wallace, whoſe abilities and diſtinguiſhed reſolution point them out for the moſt important ſervices, with the captains Fanthaw, Hammond and Hudſon, officers of great merit, paſſed the fire of the town of New York with their ſhips on the evening of the 13th, to wait off Buſhwyck-Creek, oppoſite to Kepp's-Bay, where the landing was propoſed to be forced, in the Eaſt-River. The flat boats, batteaux, and gallies, under the direction of commodore Hotham, but arranged in diviſions commanded by the captains Vandeput, Caldwell, Dickſon, Caulfield, Phipps, and Molloy, and the lieutenant Howorth of the Eagle, aſſiſted by the lieutenants Henry, Parry, Chads, and Brittow, agents of tranſports, were manned from the two-decked ſhips and tranſports, as on the former debarkation, and ſent up at different times under the ſhore of Long-Iſland, undiſcovered by the enemy on the oppoſite ſide.

Six tranſports, which Meſſieurs Robert Roughead, Richard Fowler, John Randall, Thomas Brown, —— Chambers, and —— Stuart (the different maſters making a voluntary offer of their ſervices) engaged to conduct, were ſent up the Eaſt-River on the 14th, under the direction of the agent lieutenant Knowles, with lieutenant Laird; whoſe active aſſiſtance in the moſt fatiguing parts of the debarkation duty, the conveyance of the artillery, has marked his zeal for the king's ſervice in a particular manner. They were appointed to take in a number of troops from Buſhwyck, for facilitating the more timely ſupport of the firſt diviſion embarked in the flat boats at New-Town-Creek.

The pilots declining, on account of the ſtrength of the tide, to take charge of the particular covering ſhips that were intended to be placed towards Hell-Gate, for countenancing the appearance of a deſcent on that part of the coaſt, all the five were placed in Kepp's-Bay, on the morning of the 15th; and having, by the effect of their well-directed fire, compelled the rebels to quit their intrenchments upon the ſhore, the debarkation was made without further oppoſition.

The general's public acknowledgments, addreſſed to the commodore, and the ſeveral officers and ſeamen employed, will be the beſt teſtimony I can render, of their meritorious ſervices on this occaſion.

In order to facilitate the operations of the army in the Eaſt River, another detachment of the ſhips of war was appointed by the general's deſire to proceed up the North-River, to give jealouſy to the enemy on this ſide. The Renown, capt. Banks, with the captains Davis and Wilkinſon in the Repulſe and Pearl, were ordered for that purpoſe. They paſſed the enemy's battery without material injury early on the 15th, to a ſtation about ſix miles to the northward of the town. On the enſuing night, the enemy directed four fire-veſſels in ſucceſſion againſt them; but with no other effect, than that of obliging the ſhips to move their ſtations, the Repulſe excepted. The Renown returned on this ſide the town; but the two frigates remain ſtill in the North-River, with the Tryal armed ſchooner, to ſtrengthen the left flank of the army, extending to the weſtern ſhore of York-Iſland, as circumſtances will admit.

Extract of a letter from general Sir William Howe to lord George Germaine, dated New-York, Dec. 3, 1776.

I HAVE the honour to incloſe to your lordſhip a return of ordnance and ſtores taken from the enemy ſince the landing his majeſty's troops at Frog's-Neck, in Weſt-Cheſter county, from the 12th of October to the 20th of November. Thoſe in the commiſſary and quarter-maſter general's branches are alſo very conſiderable; but as it has not been in their power hitherto to aſcertain them, the report muſt therefore be deferred to the next opportunity. I alſo incloſe a return of priſoners taken during the campaign.

Return of commiſſioned and non-commiſſioned officers, rank and file, killed, wounded, and miſſing, belonging to the army under the command of his excellency the hon. gen. Howe, in ſeveral actions, &c. with the rebels, from the 17th of September, to the 16th of November, 1776, *incluſive, ſpecifying the different periods, and the corps the caſualties have happened in.*

Head-quarters, New York, 1ſt December, 1776.

In the action at Pelham-Manor, on the 18th of October, and in previous ſkirmiſhes, from the 17th of September, incluſive.

BRITISH.

17th regiment of light dragoons: 1 drummer miſſing. 1ſt battalion of light infantry: 1 ſerjeant, 2 rank and file killed; 1 field officer, 1 captain, 1 ſubaltern, 3 ſerjeants, 1 drummer or trumpeter, 23 rank and file, wounded; 2 rank and file miſſing. 2d ditto: 1 rank and file killed; 3 rank and file wounded. 3d ditto grenadiers; 2 rank and file wounded. 4th regiment: 1 rank and file miſſing. 27th, 28th, 38th, 57th and 59th regiments, one in each wounded. 71ſt ditto: 5 rank and file killed; 7 rank and file wounded. Royal artillery: 1 ſerjeant, 3 rank and file killed.—Total: 2 ſerjeants, 11 rank and file, killed; 1 field officer, 1 captain, 1 ſubaltern, 3 ſerjeants, 1 drummer or trumpeter, 40 rank and file wounded; 1 drummer, 3 rank and file, miſſing.

Names of the officers killed and wounded, &c.

1ſt battalion of light infantry: Capt. Evelyn, of the 4th regiment, mortally wounded, ſince dead; lieut. col. Mulgrave, of the 40th regiment, wounded; lieut. Archibald Rutherford, of the 17th regiment, wounded.

N. B. The ſerjeant and 3 rank and file of the royal artillery, returned killed, were drowned in the Eaſt-River, by the overſetting of a boat the 12th of October.

In the action of October 28, *in paſſing the Bronx's river, and in previous ſkirmiſhes, from the 19th of October, incluſive.*

BRITISH.

16th regiment of light dragoons: 1 ſerjeant, 1 rank and file, 1 horſe, wounded; 1 rank and file miſſing. 17th ditto: 1 rank and file, 3 horſes, killed; 1 ſubaltern, 4 rank and file, 3 horſes, wounded. Brigade of guards: 2 rank and file killed; 3 rank and file miſſing. 3d battalion of light infantry: 1 rank and file killed;

* *Phœnix, Roebuck, Orpheus, Carysfort, Roſe.*

1 ſubaltern, 3 rank and file, wounded. 5th regiment: 1 rank and file killed; 1 field officer, 1 rank and file, wounded. 10th ditto: 1 rank and file killed; 1 rank and file wounded. 28th ditto: 1 captain, 8 rank and file, killed; 1 ſubaltern, 4 ſerjeants, 53 rank and file, wounded. 35th ditto: 1 field officer, 1 ſubaltern, 15 rank and file, killed; 3 captains, 1 ſubaltern, 6 ſerjeants, 31 rank and file, wounded; 2 rank and file miſſing. 37th ditto: 3 rank and file killed; 2 rank and file wounded. 45th ditto: 1 drummer, 1 rank and file, miſſing. 49th ditto: 1 captain, 1 ſubaltern, 1 ſerjeant, 5 rank and file, killed; 1 ſubaltern, 2 ſerjeants, 17 rank and file, wounded. 71ſt ditto: 2 rank and file miſſing. New-York company: 1 rank and file wounded. Queen's rangers: 20 rank and file killed: 2 ſubaltern, 8 rank and file, wounded; 28 rank and file miſſing. Royal artillery: 1 rank and file killed; 1 ſerjeant, 1 rank and file wounded.—Total: 1 field officer, 2 captains, 2 ſubalterns, 1 ſerjeant, 57 rank and file, 5 horſes, killed; 1 field officer, 2 captains, 6 ſubalterns, 14 ſerjeants, 123 rank and file, 4 horſes, wounded; 1 drummer, 36 rank and file, miſſing.

Names of officers killed and wounded.

17th regiment of light dragoons: Lieut. Loftus wounded. 5th regiment: Lieut. col. Walcott wounded. 28th ditto: Captain Dewing killed: lieutenant Taylor wounded. 35th ditto: Lieutenant colonel Carr, enſign Eagle, killed; captain Fitzgerald, captain-lieutenant Maſſey, lieutenant Banks, wounded. 49th ditto: Captain-lieutenant Gore, lieutenant Jocelyn, killed; lieutenant Roberts wounded. 3d battalion of light infantry: Lieutenant Saurine, of the 46th regiment, wounded.

HESSIAN Corps, &c.

Chaſſeurs: 4 rank and file killed; 1 ſubaltern, 9 rank and file, wounded; 2 rank and file miſſing. Grenadier battalion of Linſing: 1 captain, 2 rank and file, wounded. Grenadier battalion of Block: 1 rank and file wounded. Hereditary prince's: 2 rank and file wounded. Loſberg's: 6 rank and file killed; 1 ſerjeant, 39 rank and file, wounded. Knyphauſen's: 2 rank and file wounded. Rall's: 2 rank and file, 1 horſe, killed; 1 ſubaltern, 3 rank and file, wounded. Trumback's: 8 rank and file miſſing. Artillery: 2 rank and file wounded. 3d regiment of Waldeck: 13 rank and file miſſing.—Total: 12 rank and file, 1 horſe, killed; 1 captain, 2 ſubalterns, 1 ſerjeant, 59 rank and file, wounded; 23 rank and file miſſing.

Names of officers killed and wounded, &c.

Chaſſeurs: Lieutenant de Rau, wounded. Grenadier battalion of Linſing: Captain de Weſterhagen wounded. Regiment of Rall: Lieutenant Muhlhauſen wounded.

N. B. The 8 rank and file of the Heſſian regiment of Trumback, returned miſſing, were taken priſoners on Staten-Iſland, the 15th of October.

In the attack of the 16th of November, when the rebel lines and redoubts near Fort-Waſhington were ſtormed, and that fort ſurrendered, &c. with other caſualties, ſince the 29th of October, and preceding the 16th of November.

BRITISH.

27th regiment of dragoons: 1 rank and file wounded. 2d battalion of light infantry: 1 ſerjeant, 3 rank and file, killed; 2 ſerjeants, 1 drummer, 7 rank and file, wounded. 4th regiment: 1 rank and file miſſing. 10th ditto: 1 captain, 3 rank and file, killed; 5 rank and file wounded. 15th ditto: 1 rank and file killed; 1 rank and file wounded. 23d ditto: 1 ſerjeant wounded. 27th ditto: 3 rank and file miſſing. 28th ditto: 1 rank and file wounded. 38th ditto: 6 rank and file wounded. 42d ditto: 1 ſerjeant, 8 rank and file, killed; 3 ſubalterns, 4 ſerjeants, 66 rank and file, wounded. 52d ditto: 8 rank and file miſſing; 1 ſubaltern, 1 ſerjeant, wounded. 71ſt ditto: 1 rank and file wounded; 1 ſerjeant miſſing. New-York company: 1 rank and file miſſing. Royal artilley: 1 rank and file killed; 1 rank and file wounded.—Total: 1 captain, 2 ſerjeants, 17 rank and file, killed; 4 ſubalterns, 2 ſerjeants, 1 drummer, 89 rank and file, wounded; 1 ſerjeant, 5 rank and file, miſſing.

Names of officers killed and wounded.

10th regiment: Captain M'Intoſh killed. 42d ditto: Lieut. Alexander Grant, lieut. Patrick Graham, lieut. Norman M'Leod, wounded. 52d: Lieutenant Collier wounded.

HESSIAN Corps, &c.

Chaſſeurs: 6 rank and file killed; 1 ſubaltern, 5 rank and file, wounded. Grenadier battalion Cohler: 6 rank and file killed; 1 captain, 1 ſerjeant, 33 rank and file, wounded. Regiment du corps: 2 rank and file killed; 1 rank and file wounded. Hereditary prince's: 2 rank and file wounded. Wurtginaw: 1 captain, 1 ſubaltern, 1 ſerjeant, 13 rank and file, killed; 2 ſubalterns, 3 ſerjeants, 53 rank and file, wounded. Ditttorth: 2 rank and file wounded. Donop: 1 rank and file wounded. Loſberg: 5 rank and file killed: 1 ſubaltern, 5 ſerjeants, 58 rank and file, wounded. Knyphauſen: 1 captain, 6 rank and file, killed: 2 field officers, 1 ſubaltern, 5 ſerjeants, 58 rank and file, wounded. Stein: 1 ſubaltern, 1 rank and file, killed; 1 rank and file wounded. Rall: 1 drummer, 2 rank and file, killed; 1 ſubaltern, 3 rank and file, wounded. Weſſembach: 4 rank and file wounded. Huyn: 1 ſubaltern, 2 rank and file, killed; 1 ſubaltern, 4 ſerjeants, 21 rank and file, wounded. Bunon, 2 rank and file killed; 3 ſerjeants, 23 rank and file wounded. 3d regiment of Waldeck: 6 rank and file killed; 16 rank and file wounded.—Total: 2 captains, 3 ſubalterns, 1 ſerjeant, 1 drummer, 51 rank and file, killed; 2 field officers, 1 captain, 6 ſubalterns, 17 ſerjeants, 246 rank and file, wounded.

Names of officers killed and wounded.

Grenadier battalion of Kohler: Captain Heſſemuller wounded. Wurtginaw regiment: Capt. Medern, lieut. Lowensfld, killed; lieut. de Lendaw, enſign de Ende, wounded. Loſberg regiment: Lieutenant de Wurmb, wounded. Knyphauſen's regiment: Capt. Barkhauſen killed; lieutenant colonel de Borcke, major de Dichow, lieut. Brude, wounded. Stein's regiment: Lieutenant Schwein killed. Regiment of Rall: Captain Walter killed; lieutenant Kunen, enſign Werneck, wounded. Huyn's regiment: Lieutenant Juſty killed; enſign Wend wounded.

Return of priſoners taken during the campaign, 1776.

August 27, Long-Iſland. Commiſſioned officers, 3 generals, 3 colonels, 4 lieutenant colonels, 3 majors, 18 captains, 43 lieutenants, 11 enſigns. Staff, 1 adjutant, 3 ſurgeons, 2 volunteers. Privates, 1006, including 9 wounded officers, and 56 wounded privates.

Sept. 15, 16, Iſland of New-York. Commiſſioned officers, 1 colonel, 2 lieutenant colonels, 3 majors, 4 captains, 5 lieutenants. Privates, 354.

Oct. 12, White Plains. Commiſſioned officers, 1 captain, 2 lieutenants. Staff, 1 quarter-maſter. Privates, 35.

Nov. 16, Fort Waſhington. Commiſſioned officers, 4 colonels, 4 lieutenant colonels, 5 majors, 46 captains, 107 lieutenants, 31 enſigns. Staff, 1 chaplain, 2 adjutants, 2 quarter-maſters, 5 ſurgeons, 2 commiſſaries, 1 engineer, 1 waggon-maſter. Privates, 2607.

Nov. 20, Fort Lee. Commiſſioned officers, 1 lieutenant, 1 enſign. Staff, 1 quarter-maſter, 3 ſurgeons. Privates, 99.

Total. Commiſſioned officers, 3 generals, 8 colonels, 10 lieutenant colonel, 11 majors, 69 captains, 160 lieutenants, 43 enſigns. Staff, 1 chaplain, 3 adjutants, 4 quarter-maſters, 11 ſurgeons, 2 commiſſaries, 1 engineer, 1 waggon-maſter, 2 volunteers. Privates, 4101.

Officers 304, ſtaff 25, privates 4101. Total 4430.

(Signed,) Jos. Loring, commiſſary of priſoners.

Return of ordnance and ſtores, taken by his majeſty's troops in the redoubts and lines of the enemy, from their landing at Frog Neck, Weſtcheſter county, from the 12th of October, to the 20th of November, 1776.

At Fort Waſhington, now Fort Knyphauſen, and batteries depending. Iron ordnance, 4 thirty-two pounders, two 18 pounders, 7 twelve ditto, 5 nine ditto, 15 ſix ditto, 8 three ditto, 2 five and half inch braſs howitzers.

Fort Independence. Iron ordnance, 12 four pounders.

Fort Valentine. Iron ordnance, 4 twelve pounders, 10 nine pounders, 10 ſix ditto, 37 four ditto.

Fort Lee. The rock, redoubt and batteries, in the Jerſies. Iron ordnance, 5 thirty-two pounders, 3 twenty-four ditto, 2 ſix ditto, 2 three ditto, 1 thirteen inch braſs mortar, 1 ten inch ditto, 2 thirteen inch iron mortars, 1 ten inch ditto, 1 eight ditto.

On the road leading to Hackinſack, in the Jerſies. Iron ordnance, 2 twenty-four pounders, 2 eighteen ditto, 4 twelve ditto, mounted on travelling carriages, 4 ſix pounders.

Total. Iron ordnance, 9 thirty-two pounders, 5 twenty-four pounders, 4 eighteen pounders, 15 twelve pounders, 13 nine pounders, 31 ſix pounders, 49 four pounders, 10 three pounders, 2 five and half inch braſs howitzers, 1 thirteen inch braſs mortar, 1 ten inch ditto, 2 thirteen inch iron mortars, 1 ten inch ditto, 1 eight inch ditto.

Shot. Round-looſe, 1087 thirty-two pounders, 272 eighteen pounders, 2637 twelve pounders, 300 ſix pounders, 760 ſix pounders, 870 three pounders.

Caſe. 30 thirty-two pounders, 40 eighteen pounders, 340 twelve pounders, 290 nine pounders, 74 ſix pounders, 39 three pounders, 1159 double-headed of ſorts, 42 boxes for grape.

Shells. 156 thirteen inch, 311 ten inch, 1140 eight inch, 1170 five and half inch, 1200 four two fifths inch.

Powder barrels 15, muſquets of ſorts 2800, muſquet cartridges near 400,000, bar iron 20 tons, rod 5 tons, intrenching tools of ſorts 500, amourers tools, ſets 6, hand barrows 200, gyn, complete 1, ſling carts 2, iron fraiſe of 400 weight each, ſuppoſed to be intended to ſtop the navigation of Hudſon's river 200.

A large quantity of other ſpecies of ſtores not at preſent aſcertained.

(Signed) Sam. Cleaveland, brig. general royal artillery.

January 6. Lord and gen. Howe, in their letters ſince the Gazette, having given government to underſtand, that it is in vain to conteſt with the Americans—their enthuſiaſm is ſuch, that if they are ſubdued for the moment in one corner, they will break out in another—it is mere Cadmean work.

Miniſtry hang their heads on this news; for, by all their returns, the ſpirit of independence is now higher than it has yet been.

There is no more probability of the campaign in America being over than at firſt; and to raiſe ſupplies for another year will effectually undo this deluded, infatuated country.

Jan. 13. Two ordnance veſſels are to ſail with the firſt convoy to New-York, whoſe cargoes, it is computed, will coſt near fifty thouſand pounds.

It is much queſtioned, by men of intelligence, whether the rupture with America was not embraced by the miniſters, as a fortunate opportunity of abridging the liberties of this nation.

When the Leiceſter-houſe cabal exiſted, the republican governments in America were eye-ſores to that faction.

It is reported with confidence, at the weſt end of the town, that a French army, conſiſting of upwards of ſeventy thouſand men, will croſs the Rhine early in the month of April, while two other armies, of forty thouſand each, are to aſſemble on the confines of France, bordering upon the dominions of the kings of Spain and Sardinia. Theſe great preparations are making, it is ſaid, in conſequence of a grand alliance agreed on between the courts of Vienna, Verſailles, Madrid, Naples, and Turin.

Jan. 17. Yeſterday ſevennight his excellency the Portugueſe ambaſſador waited on governor Pownal, at his houſe in Albermarle-ſtreet, and delivered to him, in order to be laid before his majeſty, an account of all the ſtores in the arſenals in Portugal, ordnance ſtores, quantity of powder in their magazines, ammunition, accoutrements for their army, number of men fit to bear arms in Portugal, &c. &c. And on Wedneſday laſt his excellency waited on the governor previous to his going to court, and held a very long conference. When his excellency enjoyed his government abroad, the Portugueſe ſettlements were ſo near the governor's juriſdiction, that he is thought the propereſt perſon to ſtate the ſame to the king in caſe a blow ſhould be ſtruck on the part of Spain before the time that England can poſſibly aſſiſt Portugal. A council will be held at St. James's in a few days on that ſubject.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Jan. 3.

"Dr. Franklin is viſited by many of the firſt rank of all nations, excepting the Scotch; and thoſe he abſolutely denies ſeeing; for he ſays thoſe people were the ſole cauſe of the ruin of his country. He has almoſt every day private conferences with the miniſtry and great reſpect is paid him. The Engliſh ambaſſador looks on him with a jealous eye, and watches all his motions very ſtrictly; but it is generally believed here, that whatever the doctor aſks of the court of France will be readily granted him. Many young gentlemen pay their court to him, in hopes of getting employment in the ſervice of the Provincials, moſt of whom have been taught the uſe of arms from their infancy. It is thought moſt of them will embark for America early in the ſpring."

The ſucceſſes of general Howe having occaſioned many encomiums to be beſtowed on him in preference of a ſecretary of ſtate more eminent in the cabinet than in the field, a favourite, obſerving that his lordſhip rather ſickened at military praiſe, paid him this well-timed compliment, "one Neſtor is worth ten Alexanders."

Jan. 23. Yeſterday morning, at four o'clock, lord Stormont arrived at his houſe in St. James's Park, from whence we may naturally conclude that the houſe of Bourbon have at length thrown away the maſk of fidelity.——Morn. poſt.

A private letter this day from Briſtol ſays, that laſt Monday night another attempt was made to burn that city; that a fire broke out near Wells's ſugar-houſe, and another in a hayloft; that a candle was found lighted at both ends amongſt ſome ſhavings, and ſome combuſtible matters lay near both places.

Extract of a letter from an officer in general Frazer's battalion, dated Sept. 3, 1776.

"Rejoice, my friend, that we have given the rebels a d——d cruſh. We landed on Long Iſland the 22d ult. without oppoſition. On the 27th we had a very warm action, in which the Scots regiments behaved with the greateſt bravery, and carried the day after an obſtinate reſiſtance on the rebel ſide. But we flanked, and overpowerd them with numbers. The Heſſians and our brave Highlanders gave no quarters; and it was a fine ſight, to ſee with what alacrity they diſpatched the rebels with their bayonets after we had ſurrounded them, ſo that they could not reſiſt. Multitudes were drowned and ſuffocated in moraſſes, a proper puniſhment for all rebels. Our battalion not marched all the reſt, and was always firſt up with the rebel fugitives. A fellow they call lord Sterling, one of their generals, who with two others, is priſoner, and a great many of their officers, men, artillery, and ſtores. It was a glorious atchievement, my friend, and will immortalize us, and cruſh the rebel colonies. Our loſs was nothing. We took care to tell the Heſſians, that the rebels had reſolved to give no quarters to them in particular, which made them fight deſperately, and put all to death that fell into their hands. You know all ſtrategems are lawful in war, eſpecially againſt ſuch vile enemies to their king and country. The iſland is all our own, and we ſhall ſoon take New-York, for the rebels dare not look us in the face. I expect the affair will be over this campaign, and we ſhall all return covered with American laurels, and have the cream of the American lands allotted us for our ſervices."

[*Leſt any of thoſe perſons, who affect not to believe any thing againſt the Britiſh ſoldiery, and will pretend to ſay, that the above letter, which exactly tallies with their conduct, as hereſofore repreſented, is an American forgery; we would inform them that the Engliſh paper, from which the above is taken, may be ſeen in the hands of the printers, W. and T. Bradford.*]

Jan. 24. The laſt campaign in Canada was ſaid to be the moſt difficult that could be imagined, yet nothing material was done; and it is the opinion of thoſe acquainted with America, that from the preſent diſpoſition of the provincial forces, it will be nearly impoſſible to form a junction of the king's troops next year.

Yeſterday arrived at his houſe in Hill-ſtreet, Berkley-ſquare, from Paris, the right hon. lord Littleton. His lordſhip's unexpected arrival has given riſe to a report, that he has brought over ſome intereſting accounts for America, which he has collected from Dr. Franklin.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 23.

Extract of a letter from an officer at camp, near Bonham-Town, dated April 25, 1777.

"A detachment under the command of captain Alexander Patterſon, of the Pennſylvania twelfth regiment, commanded by col. Cook, attacked the picquet guard of the enemy at two o'clock this morning, about four hundred yards from Bonham-Town, and, after a ſhort but obſtinate engagement, the whole of the guard, 25 in number, was killed and taken priſoners. Lieut. Frazier, of the 71ſt regiment, was killed on the ſpot. The enemy, though advantageouſly poſted, did not attempt to ſupport their guard, but retired with precipitation to their works. Our officers and ſoldiers behaved with the greateſt coolneſs and courage on this occaſion; their conduct would do honour to the beſt diſciplined troops. We had lieutenants Alhatton and Reily, of col. Cook's regiment, wounded, but not mortally."

In CONGRESS, *April* 9, 1777.

Reſolved, That the paymaſter, and the deputy paymaſters general, be directed forthwith to conſult the commanders in chief of their reſpective diſtricts, and appoint deputies to repair to ſuch poſts and places of rendezvous, and anſwer the draughts of ſuch officers ſtationed thereat, as the ſaid commanders in chief ſhall reſpectively direct; that the deputies be ſupplied with money by the reſpective paymaſters and deputy paymaſters general, and account with them thereto; and that all other paymaſters of the army ceaſe to act at the poſts and places provided with deputies as aforeſaid.

April 10.

Reſolved, That the commanders in chief of the ſeveral departments, previous to the diſcharge of any regiment or corps of militia reinforcing the army, be reſpectively directed to iſſue their warrants on the paymaſter and deputy paymaſter general, for the amount of the pay due to the ſame; and, when the military cheſt is unſupplied, the paymaſter or deputy paymaſter general is authoriſed to draw on the preſident for the amount of ſuch warrants.

Publiſhed by order of Congreſs,
CHARLES THOMSON, *Secretary.*

April 14.

Reſolved, That from and after the publication hereof, the 2d article of the 8th ſection, the firſt article of the 11th ſection, the 8th article of the 14th ſection, and the 2d article of the 18th ſection, of the rules and articles for the better government of the troops, raiſed or to be raiſed, and kept in pay by, and at the expence of the United States of America, paſſed in congreſs, the 30th day of September, one thouſand, ſeven hundred, and ſeventy-ſix, ſhall be, and they are hereby repealed, and that the four following articles be ſubſtituted in the place and ſtead thereof.

Art. 1. All officers and ſoldiers ſhall have full liberty to bring into any of the ſorts or garriſons of the United American States, any quantity of eatable proviſions, except where any contracts are, or ſhall be entered into by congreſs, or by their order, for furniſhing ſuch proviſions, and with reſpect only to the ſpecies of proviſions ſo contracted for.

Art. 2. If any officer ſhall think himſelf to be wronged by his colonel or the commanding officer of the regiment, and ſhall, upon due application made to him be refuſed to be redreſſed, he may complain to the continental general, commanding in the ſtate where ſuch regiment ſhall be ſtationed, in order to obtain juſtice, who is hereby required to examine into the ſaid complaint, and take proper meaſures for redreſſing the wrong complained of, and tranſmit as ſoon as poſſible to congreſs, a true ſtate of ſuch complaint, with the proceedings had thereon.

Art. 3. No ſentence of a general court martial ſhall be put in execution, till after a report ſhall be made of the whole proceedings to congreſs, the commander in chief, or the continental general commanding in the ſtate where ſuch a general court martial ſhall be held, and their, or his orders, be iſſued for carrying ſuch ſentence into execution.

Art. 4. The continental general commanding in either of the American ſtates for the time being, ſhall have full power of appointing general courts martial to be held, and of pardoning or mitigating any of the puniſhments ordered to be inflicted for any of the offences mentioned in the aforementioned rules and articles for the better government of the troops, except the puniſhment of offenders under ſentence of death by a general court martial, which he may order to be ſuſpended, until the pleaſure of congreſs can be known, which ſuſpenſion, with the proceedings of the court martial, the ſaid general ſhall immediately tranſmit to congreſs for their determination. And every offender convicted by any regimental court martial may be pardoned or have his puniſhment mitigated by the colonel or officer commanding the regiment.

Reſolved, That it be recommended to the executive powers of each of the United States, to enquire into the conduct of all officers on the recruiting ſervice, within them reſpectively, to remove all ſuch as belong to the battalions of their reſpective quotas, who have neglected their duty, or abuſed the truſt repoſed in them, and ſhall be found within their reſpective juriſdiction, and to fill up all vacancies which may happen by ſuch removals; to tranſmit to congreſs all ſuch teſtimony as ſhall be taken againſt any officer or officers who may have marched or removed from the ſtate, to thoſe battalions he or they belong, and againſt any officer or officers belonging to the quota of another ſtate, who may have been guilty of neglect or miſbehaviour in the ſtate where the enquiry ſhall be made.

That it be recommended to the ſaid executive powers to procure exact returns of the continental troops in each, and tranſmit the ſame to congreſs without delay. And all officers and ſoldiers of the continental army are hereby required to pay the ſtricteſt regard to the orders of the executive powers of the ſeveral ſtates, touching the aforeſaid premiſes.

Reſolved, That it be recommended to the legiſlatures of each of the United States to enact laws exempting from actual ſervice any two of the militia, who ſhall, within the time limited by ſuch laws, furniſh one able-bodied recruit, to ſerve in any battalion of the continental army, for the term of three years, or during the preſent war. Such exemption to continue during the term for which the recruit ſhall inliſt, and every ſuch recruit to be entitled to the continental bounty and other allowances.

That it be recommended to the legiſlatures aforeſaid reſpectively, to enact laws compelling all ſuch perſons as are by laws exempted from bearing arms or performing militia duties, other than ſuch as are ſpecified in the foregoing reſolve, to furniſh ſuch number of able-bodied ſoldiers as the ſaid legiſlature, reſpectively ſhall deem a proper equivalent for ſuch exemptions, ſuch ſoldiers to be entitled to the continental bounty and other allowances, over and above ſuch gratuities as they may receive from thoſe who procure them to inliſt.

Alſo to permit the inliſting of ſervants and apprentices, and to prohibit the impriſoning or otherwiſe reſtraining the perſons of ſoldiers in the continental ſervice for any debt not exceeding fifty dollars.

And whereas it is of the greateſt moment to the cauſe of American freedom, that an army of conſiderable ſtrength take the field early the enſuing campaign;

Reſolved, That if the ſeveral quotas of the ſtates cannot be furniſhed by any of the means recommended in the foregoing reſolutions, or any other means by the ſaid legiſlatures deviſed, before the fifteenth day of May next, it is recommended to each ſtate to cauſe indiſcriminate draughts to be made from their reſpective militia.

That it be recommended to the ſaid legiſlatures to apply all the means by theſe reſolutions recommended in the manners which they ſhall judge moſt effectual for ſpeedily completing the army, and in caſe they ſhall prove unſucceſsful that they cauſe the draughts aforeſaid to be made.

Reſolved, That the executive power of each ſtate be authoriſed and impowered to order ſuch officers as they ſhall judge proper from the reſpective battalions and companies of their reſpective quotas, to remain within the ſtate, for the purpoſe of aiding in inliſting and collecting the recruits which may be furniſhed under the above recommended regulations, and to convey the ſame to the battalions and companies to which they ſhall belong, ſuch officers to be under the direction of ſuch executive powers reſpectively.

By order of congreſs,

JOHN HANCOCK, preſident.

To the PUBLIC.

In CONGRESS, *January* 15, 1777.

RESOLVED, That the Continental Treaſurer be empowered and directed to borrow money on loan-office certificates; that the ſame be counterſigned by the auditor-general for the time being.

RESOLVED, *February* 22, 1777.

That all certificates iſſuing after the firſt emiſſion, be ſigned by Michael Hillegas, Eſq; treaſurer, or Samuel Hillegas, and counterſigned agreeable to the reſolutions of Congreſs, of the 3d of October, 1776, and 15th of January, 1777.

Extract from the minutes,

(Signed) CHARLES THOMSON, ſecretary.

ANNAPOLIS, MAY 1.

By his EXCELLENCY THOMAS JOHNSON, Eſq; GOVERNOR of the ſtate of MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it was reſolved by the congreſs, that eighty-eight battalions ſhould be enliſted, and that each ſtate furniſh their reſpective quotas in the proportions mentioned in that reſolution; And to expedite the raiſing of the quota of this ſtate, it was in the late ſeſſion of the general aſſembly enacted, "That any recruiting officer may enliſt in any of the battalions raiſed in this ſtate, or in any of the artillery companies, for the immediate defence thereof, and retain in ſuch ſervice, any apprentice or ſervant, whoſe time of ſervitude ſhall not exceed eighteen months, and ſhall not be valued, by ſome juſtice of the peace, at more than ſixteen pounds common money, and in every ſuch caſe the magiſtrate ſhall deduct from the value of the ſaid ſervant, or apprentice, the ſum of ſix pounds common money for freedom dues, if ſuch ſervant or apprentice ſhould be entitled to any freedom dues at the expiration of his ſervice:" And whereas ſeveral of the officers appointed ſuch in the troops to be raiſed in the neighbouring ſtates, as their quota, have come into this ſtate, and enliſted men, and ſome of them have even enliſted ſervants under colour of the ſaid act of aſſembly, by which unfair practices this ſtate may be rendered unable to furniſh its quota, and the intention of the legiſlature may in great meaſure be defeated; I have therefore thought proper, with the advice of the council, to publiſh this my proclamation, hereby forbidding and forewarning all officers, other than thoſe impowered by the ſaid act, to inliſt any ſervant or apprentice within this ſtate, or any officer of the troops raiſing, or to be raiſed, as the quota of any other ſtate from enliſting any perſon within this ſtate: And to prevent the juſtice hereby intended to be aſſerted from being eluded, and frauds and irregularities from being committed by thoſe who have not proper authority to enliſt men in this ſtate, the juſtices of the ſeveral counties are requeſted to call on all perſons who may pretend to have authority to enliſt men in this ſtate, and where it ſhall appear that they are properly authoriſed, to give them every legal encouragement in their power, and where it ſhall appear, that they are not ſo authoriſed, to put them and their conduct in the way of examination and trial, by due courſe of law.

Given at Annapolis this thirtieth day of April, anno domini ſeventeen hundred and ſeventy-ſeven.

THO. JOHNSON.

By his excellency's command,

R. RIDGELY, Sec.

GOD ſave the STATE.

In COUNCIL, *May* 1, 1777.

ORDERED, THAT Mr. Iſaac M'Hard, on Saturday the 10th inſtant, deliver out the three hundred buſhels of country made ſalt lately brought in by Mr. Wallace, to ſuch of the inhabitants of this ſtate, who will apply for the ſame, in quantities not exceeding one buſhel to a family, and at the rate of three dollars per buſhel.

R. RIDGELY, Cl. Co.

A further quantity is expected ſoon.

In CONGRESS.

Reſolved, Baltimore, *Feb.* 26, 1777.

THAT an intereſt of ſix per cent. per annum be allowed on all ſums of money already borrowed, and directed to be borrowed, on loan-office certificates, although ſuch certificates mention only an intereſt of four per centum per annum.

Extract from the minutes,

CHARLES THOMSON, ſecr.

Annapolis, *April* 26, 1777.

THOMAS HARWOOD, jun. commiſſioner of the continental loan-office for this State, attends at the treaſurer's office, Annapolis, for the purpoſe of borrowing money agreeable to the above reſolve.

ANNE-ARUNDEL county court will meet on the third Tueſday in May next, for the purpoſe of laying the public levy, and for regulating the county ferries, when all conſtables are deſired to bring in their liſt of taxables on that day.

Annapolis, April 26, 1777.

PURSUANT to a reſolve of the General Aſſembly, we hereby give notice, that we will attend on the Monday, Tueſday and Wedneſday of every week (and oftner if required) at the houſe where the aſſembly is uſually held, to audit and paſs all accounts due from or to the ſtate of Maryland: And all perſons that have heretofore had public monies advanced to them, are requeſted to tranſmit their reſpective accounts to us of the expenditure thereof. The late treaſurers, under the old government, are alſo requeſted to render an account of their proceedings, and the balances in their hands reſpectively, if any: And all committees of obſervation, and collectors of fines, are alſo requeſted to render an account of all monies by them reſpectively received.

THO. B. HODGKIN,
J. JOHNSON.

A clerk to the board is wanted. Any perſon, well qualified to act, may receive a ſalary of 125l. per ann.

April 10, 1777.

ALL perſons who have any demands againſt the late contractors for victualling the Maryland troops, are requeſted to bring in their accounts to the victualling-office, at the city of Annapolis and Baltimore-Town, in one month from this date, that they may be diſcharged, as they are deſirous of ſettling their accounts

w4 BUCHANAN and CUMMINS.

Amil 21, 1777.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND in Anne-Arundel county, on Elk-Ridge, about two miles from the church, containing two hundred acres, with a very good apple orchard, and about ſix or eight acres of meadow may be very eaſily made; a dwelling-houſe with three rooms on the lower floor, and ſundry other out-houſes. The title is good.—Alſo the one half part of a griſt-mill, on a draught of Patuxent river, which is in partnerſhip with Charles Greenbury Ridgely: The mill is in good repair, and is about a mile from the land. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may view the land and mill, and know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

w3 RICHARD WHITLE.

To be SOLD at public vendue, on Thurſday the 29th of May, by the ſubſcriber, at his dwelling-houſe on Rock-Creek, Montgomery county, near major Crab's,

A PARCEL of land, including his dwelling plantation, containing 436 acres, about 17 miles from George-Town, the ſame diſtance from Bladenſburg, 40 miles from Baltimore, and about 30 from Frederick-Town: The farm is in good order, fencing chiefly new, and the fields laid off in ſuch a manner as to be very convenient for paſturage of ſtock, whereon is a large young orchard juſt getting into prime, a comfortable dwelling-houſe, kitchen, barn, &c. about one hundred acres of ſaid land is well ſituated for meadow, ſome of which is already cleared and in grais. The main branch of Rock-Creek runs through ſaid land, and affords a valuable mill-ſeat. Continental or convention currency will be received in payment, and two years credit will be given for one third of the purchaſe money, on giving bond on intereſt, with approved ſecurity.

w4 JOHN KENNEDY.

P. S. The ſale to begin at one o'clock.

JOLLY BALL

STANDS at Mr. Tobias Belt's, and will cover this ſeaſon, for ſix dollars, ready money, or eight, if not paid when the mare refuſes. He is a well bred hunter, full fifteen hands high, nine years old, a deep cheſnut, three white feet, and a blaze in his face; paces, trots and gallops well. w3

March 22, 1777.

STERLING,

THE property of Harry Dorſey Gough, Eſq; ſtands at the ſubſcriber's plantation ſix miles from Baltimore, where he will cover at three pounds the ſeaſon: He is a beautiful black, ſeven years old this ſpring, upwards of fifteen hands and a half high, well made in proportion, and is allowed by the beſt judges to be the handſomeſt horſe in this ſtate. He was got by col. Sharpe's noted old Othello, out of a remarkable fine dray mare, and is what is called the coach horſe. From this ſtrain, out of light mares, they breed thoſe noble horſes called hunters, preferred to any in the world for the ſaddle or carriage.

JAMES GOVANE.

Alexandria, April 26, 1777.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD,

For apprehending the following priſoners, who made their eſcape laſt night, about 12 o'clock, viz.

BARTLETT GOODRICH, James Parker, George Blair, John Cunningham, John Rothery, Joſiah Rogers, John Todd, William Nicholls, and John Duncan. It is expected they croſſed the river Patowmack, as ſeveral horſes are miſſing from Alexandria. The four firſt were inhabitants of or near Norfolk borough, Virginia.

Whoever apprehends the ſaid priſoners, ſhall be paid the above reward, or in proportion for either of them.

tf ABRAHAM BURFORD.

THERE is at the plantation of Benjamin Neel Vermilon, near Piſcataway, in Prince-George's county, taken up as a ſtray, an iron-gray mare, about thirteen hands and a half high, eight years old, branded on the near thigh thus, T.— The owner may have her again on proving his property and paying charges. w3

April 10, 1777.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, living on the head of Severn, a black mare, about 13 hands high, ſhod round, ſwitch tail, hanging mane, ſome white ſpots about her, no perceptible brand, trots and gallops, and is about 8 years old. The owner, on proving his property and paying charges, may have her again.

3w REZIN HAMMOND.

I INTEND to leave Maryland in a ſhort time.

WILLIAM EDDIS.

Cheſter-Town, March 28, 1777.

To be RENTED, agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of Thomas Ringgold, Eſqr deceaſed,

A TRACT of land, containing 1800 acres, lying in Queen-Anne's county, within 12 miles of Cheſter-Town, and commonly known by the name of the BEAVER DAMS. About 300 acres of the land are cleared, 27 of it meadow, and at preſent let in two tenements, one at 36l per annum, and the leaſe expires January 1780; the other at 30l. per annum, and the leaſe expires the 1ſt of January next. Between 200 and 300 acres of excellent meadow ground that may be cleared at a ſmall expence. This plantation is capable of great improvement, and will be rented for a term of years on an improving leaſe in one or two tenements, as may be moſt convenient.

Alſo to be rented, ſeveral ſmall tracts of land lying in Kent county. Alſo the ſtores, compting houſe, lumber room, and the wharfs with the two warehouſes thereon in Cheſter town, lately occupied by the deceaſed.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate, either by mortgage, bond, or any other ſecurity, are earneſtly directed to pay up the back intereſt due thereon, to enable the executor to comply with the directions of the will and thoſe that are indebted on open accounts are deſired to pay them, or give bond and ſecurity for the ſame, and all demands on the eſtate will be diſcharged by w4 JOHN GALLOWAY, executor.

THE beautiful running horſe HUMMING BIRD, near fifteen hands high, ſtands and covers this ſeaſon in the town of Nottingham, at thirty ſhillings currency per mare, to be paid before the mare is taken away. Good paſturage will be given and great care taken of the mares, but will not be liable in caſe of loſs.

St. Mary's county, April 8.

BY virtue of a commiſſion from the honourable the Council of Safety, empowering us, the ſubſcribers, to make ſale of all veſſels drifted on ſhore, or made captures of from Dunmore's fleet: Will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, on Tueſday the 29th inſtant, if fair, if not on the next fair day, at the houſe of Mr. Baſil Brooke, on Clement's-Bay, a SLOOP, burthen about 4000 buſhels.

VERNON HEBB,
TIMOTHY BOWES.

SIXTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Annapolis, Feb. 6, 1777.

DESERTED, the beginning of November laſt, from capt. William Brown's company of matroſſes, the following ſoldiers, viz. JOHN HAMILTON, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, fair complexion, dark hair, well ſet, and a likely face. He formerly kept a ſchool on Mr. Carroll's manor, on Monocacy. NATHAN HARRIS, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, dark complexion, black hair, well ſet, and lives near Hungerford, in Montgomery county. WILLIAM EVANS, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, wrinkled face, dark brown hair, and goes by the name of the Indian Doctor; lives in Calvert county, at the head of Parker's-creek. JOHN TURSHAW, about 30 years of age 5 feet 10 inches high, fair complexion, ſandy hair, full faced, and very likely; he lives on Rock-creek, near Newport, in Montgomery county. MOSES LITTLE, about 27 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, fair complexion; lives on the ſugar lands in Montgomery county. DAVID HANNIS, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, fair complexion, light hair; lives near the Great Falls of Patowmack. Whoever takes up ſaid deſerters, and brings them to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the above reward, or twenty dollars for Hamilton, and eight dollars for each of the others, paid by

tf WILLIAM BROWN.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living near the Woodyard, Prince George's county, on Sunday the 30th of March, an indented ſervant man named ANTHONY PARMER, born in England: had on when he went away, a country hempen linen ſhirt almoſt new, a Bath coating jacket, old London brown ſuperfine cloth coat lately turned, lightiſh coloured corded duroy breeches much worn with ſick knee garters, white yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, ſilver plated ſhoe and knee buckles, and good hat cut in the fantail faſhion; he has a remarkable ſcar on the top of his head, ſaid he got it by a blow on board a privateer; he is a likely fellow, has black eyes, ſhort brown hair inclined to curl; ſaid he will inliſt in the ſervice of the American States, get the bounty, and then deſert. He went off with one Crumton, a ſervant of Mr. Naylor, who intended to inliſt likewiſe. Any captain in the ſervice of the United States having inliſted him, ſhall be welcome to keep the fellow, on acquainting me of him, and paying me for the time he has to ſerve, which is ten months. He is remarkably fond of drink, and will deſert if ever he ſhould get an opportunity. Whoever apprehends him ſo as I may get him again ſhall be entitled to the above reward.

3w JOHN BROWN, jun.

M A H O M E T,

A beautiful horſe, of the Arabian breed, full fifteen hands high, ſix years old this ſpring, a beautiful dapple gray, exceedingly well made, and anſwers extraordinary well either for the turf, ſaddle, or carriage,

STANDS this ſeaſon (which will be until the 20th of Auguſt next) at the following moſt reaſonable prices, viz. Twenty-five ſhillings if paid the firſt time the mare is covered, otherwiſe five dollars when the mare refuſes, and if not then paid eight dollars, Continental currency.

The ſubſcriber hath for ſale ſome beautiful full blooded mares and colts.

w6 BENJ. PHILPOTT.

STRAYED from the ſubſcriber, living near Piſcataway in Prince-George's county, ſome time in July or Auguſt laſt, two yearling cows ſuppoſed to be with calf; the one a dark red, marked on the right ear with a nick above and below, on the left a ſwallow fork; the other a yellow red, with a white face, belly, and legs, marked in the right ear with a crop, under bit, and two ſlits, and in the left ear a crop, under bit, over bit, and ſlit. Alſo a ſmall light brindle ſteer, four years old, marked on each ear with a ſwallow fork and over bit. Whoever will bring the aforeſaid ſtrays home ſhall receive fifteen ſhillings for either or each of them.

3w FR. CLEM. DYER.

THERE is at the plantation of Samuel Pool, in Anne-Arundel county, taken up as a ſtray, a bright bay mare, with a black mane and tail, about 13 hands high, 4 years old, a natural trotter, no perceivable brand. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. w3

Port-Tobacco, January 22, 1777.

RAN away, the evening of the 3d inſtant, from Mr. Henry Riddell's plantation, on Nanjemoy, a young NEGRO man, named Bob, about 5 feet 6 inches high, well ſet, and has thick lips; had on a lapell'd ſhort coat of mixed cloth or frize, with a jacket of the ſame, and a pair of green breeches, all good; his other cloathing not remembered. He formerly lived with Mr. Ferguſon, in George-town, on Patowmack, lately with Mr. Wheeler, at Elk-Ridge, and may be about one or other of thoſe places. Whoever delivers him to Mr. Benjamin Edelin, at the abovementioned plantation, or to me at this place, ſhall receive four dollars reward, if taken in Charles county, ſeven dollars, if taken about George-town, twelve dollars if taken about Elk-Ridge, and in proportion to the diſtance, if taken any where elſe.

8w ROB. MUNDELL.

WANTED,

A MILLER, capable of managing a merchant mill. Such a perſon may meet with encouragement by applying to the printer.

To be SOLD, for ready money,

A TRACT of land lying in Dorcheſter county, Maryland, containing 777 acres. The ſaid land lies within about three miles of Nanticoke river, is well timbered, and is convenient to church, griſt-mills, ſaw-mills, and public landings, on ſaid river. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may ſee the land and know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, in Cambridge, Dorcheſter county.

w4 R. STEVENS.

Annapolis, April 2, 1777.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of HUGH HENLEY, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to exhibit them properly authenticated; and all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate, will, I expect as ſoon as convenient, make payment to

CORNELIUS GARRETSON, admr

TO COVER,

M A R I U S,

STANDING at Mr. Carroll's plantation beyond Elk-Ridge, at four guineas a mare for the ſeaſon, and a dollar currency to the groom. Send no mares unleſs the money be ſent with them. There is good paſturage and good fences. Mr. Carroll will not be anſwerable ſhould any mares chance to ſtray away.

T I C K E T S

IN THE

AMERICAN STATES LOTTERY

TO BE SOLD BY

WALLACE AND DAVIDSON

IN

A N N A P O L I S.

April 8, 1777.

TAKEN from a certain fellow (name unknown) who acknowledged to have ſtolen the ſame, a large mouſe coloured horſe, near 15 hands high, about 8 or 9 years old, no brand, has a ſaddle mark on his back, his mane, tail, and legs black; and a bay horſe, near 14 hands high, about 14 years old, branded on his near buttock MW joined together. The fellow ſaid before he made his eſcape, that he ſtole the firſt horſe in Frederick county, Virginia, near Wincheſter. Whoever owns ſaid horſes may have them again, by applying to the ſubſcribers, living near Senica-Creek, Montgomery county.

w3 JAMES SIMPSON,
WILLIAM JEANS.

Annapolis, April 15, 1777.

DESERTED from capt. John Davidſon's company of col. Thomas Price's regiment, the two following ſoldiers, viz. JAMES CAGE, about 5 feet 4 inches high, ſwarthy complexion, ſhort black hair curls behind, and lives near Frederick-Town, inliſted by Philip Hill. KINSEY GARDINER, about 5 feet 9 inches high, fair complexion, brown hair tied behind, and lives near Leonard's-Creek-Town, Calvert county, inliſted by Thomas Rouſe. Whoever takes up ſaid deſerters and brings them to col. Price's regiment, now lying at Annapolis, ſhall receive a reward of 16 dollars, or 8 dollars for either of them, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me,

3w JOHN DAVIDSON, captain.

S W E E P E R

WILL cover MARES this ſeaſon at col. Sharpe's plantation on the North ſide of Severn river, (ſeven miles from Annapolis) at three pounds currency a mare, and a dollar to the groom. He is 15 hands 2 inches and a half high. He is allowed by good judges to be a compleat horſe; he was got by Dr. Hamilton's Figure, ſon of Old Figure, who was got by Standard. Sweeper's dam was got by Othello, ſon of Old Crab; his grand-dam by Morton's Traveller; his great-grand-dam col. Taſker's Selima, got by the Godolphin Arabian.

N. B. Good graſs for mares at 2/6 per week; the money to be paid for the uſe of the horſe at the time of covering. No mares loſt out of the paſture will be accounted for. tf

Annapolis, April 16, 1777.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of William Reynolds, late of this city, deceaſed, either by bond, or otherwiſe, are deſired to come and ſettle the ſame with the ſubſcriber; and every one having juſt claims againſt the deceaſed's eſtate, their accounts being regularly atteſted, will be paid upon application.

w4 MARY REYNOLDS. executrix.

EIGHTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Annapolis, April 6, 1777.

DESERTED from capt. Jonathan Sellman's company, col. Hall's regiment of Maryland regular troops, in the ſervice of the United States, the following ſoldiers, viz. PATRICK BURK, an Iriſhman, 5 feet 10 inches high, ſtrait and well made; had on a green pluſh coat turned up with white, light cloth waiſtcoat, leather breeches, oſnabrig ſhirt, and yarn ſtockings; he is ſuppoſed to be in Frederick county. WILLIAM RICKETS, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high; had on a blue ſailor's jacket and trouſers, oſnabrig ſhirt and yarn ſtockings; after he deſerted from me, he inliſted with William Clark, and has ſince deſerted from his company; he is ſuppoſed to be in Prince-George's county. HART DICK, about 5 feet 10 inches high; had on a blue cloth coat, lapelled with the ſame, with white metal buttons, an old cloth waiſtcoat, oſnabrig ſhirt, and yarn ſtockings; he has inliſted ſeveral times ſince and as often deſerted. MILES JOHNSON, a native of the country, 5 feet 10 inches high; had on a ſhort light cloth jacket, leather breeches, oſnabrig ſhirt, and yarn ſtockings; he is ſuppoſed to be in Prince-George's county. Whoever takes up the ſaid deſerters ſhall be entitled to twenty dollars for each of them.

JONATHAN SELLMAN, captain.

THE high bred horſe CARELESS will cover this ſeaſon at Strawberry-hill, at three pounds a mare and five ſhillings the groom, if the mare is paſtured; ſix dollars and five ſhillings the groom, if not paſtured; or twenty ſhillings the ſingle leap.

CARELESS is a fine bay, riſing ſix years old, full fourteen hands three inches high, was got by col. Baylor's Fearnought, his dam by Dove, his grand-dam (the dam of King Herod) by Othello, his great-grand-dam by Old Spark, out of Queen Mab, a high bred imported mare, who was the dam of Old Miſe, and col. Hopper's Pacolet.

N. B. The mares will be received by Thomas Williamſon, who will take proper care of them, but not be anſwerable for any that may get away. tf

O T H E L L O,

Full fifteen hands and a half high, ſtout and well formed, riſing 6 years old,

STANDS on Conſtitution-hill, near Piſcataway in Prince-George's county, Maryland, and will cover at five pounds the ſeaſon. This horſe was got by Fearnought, his dam by old Traveller, his grand-dam by Badger, his great-grand-dam by Fox, and his great-great-grand-dam by the old Godolphin Arabian. He ſtood the laſt ſeaſon at Belmont in Virginia, the property of Benjamin Dulany, Eſq; I have very good paſturage for mares at 2/6 per week, and will have great care taken of them, but will not be anſwerable in caſe of loſs. The money to be paid before the mares are taken away. He begins covering the 1ſt of April and continues to the 1ſt of Auguſt.

w6 EDWARD EDELEN, jun.

Alexandria, April 17, 1777.

THE death of Mr. John Dalton diſſolving the partnerſhip of Carlyle and Dalton, there will be ſold at public ſale in Alexandria, on Monday the 12th of May, being Fairfax court day, eight NEGRO men; ſix of them are good ſmiths, and have ſerved regular times to the trade; they do all kinds of ſhip and planters work, ſhoe horſes, &c. one underſtands a good deal of gun work and making nails; one of the others is a waterman and pilot in the river and bay, the other a plantation negro. At the ſame time will be ſold four complete ſets of ſmiths tools, ſteel, old and new iron, two large tobacco flats, one of 45 hogſheads, the other of 25 hogſheads, with their rigging, ſails, &c. The terms of ſale to be agreed upon on the day of ſale. w1

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

Annapolis, April 18, 1777.

DESERTED from the ſhip DEFENCE, ſome time ago, BENJAMIN HOBBS, and was ſeen in this city the 16th inſtant: He is a thick, well-made fellow, about four feet five inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, black hair that curls behind; had on a black jacket and a hunting-ſhirt under it, a pair of trouſers, old ſtockings and ſhoes. Whoever takes up ſaid Hobbs, and delivers him to the ſhip, ſhall be intitled to the above reward; and ſhould the ſhip not be in the ſtate, to be put on board ſome of the gallies.

GEO. COOK.

Port-Tobacco, April 16, 1777.

DESERTED from capt. Joſeph Marbury's company, of col. Mordecai Giſt's regiment, a certain ADAM RAINS, a well made fellow, about twenty years of age, five feet ſeven or eight inches high; had on, when he deſerted, a light coloured coat and oſnabrigs trouſers which are much tarred, being a ſhip carpenter by trade. Whoever takes up the ſaid man and delivers him to the ſubſcriber, or ſecures him, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall receive a reward of eight dollars.

w3 JOSEPH MARBURY.

April 19, 1777.

WENT adrift the 15th inſt. from the ſloop MOLLY, while aground on St. Thomas's point, a little below Annapolis, a black boat of about fifty buſhels burthen, ſealed tight for carrying wheat, and had a good deal of looſe wheat in her bottom: there were about three fathom of three inch rope to her when ſhe went adrift, with three oars. Whoever takes up the ſaid boat, and delivers her to Mr. John Shaw in Annapolis, or to the ſubſcriber, living on Wiccomico river, in Charles county, ſhall receive a reward of 30s.

w3 EDW. SMOOT.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

WENT away in the night of the 5th inſtant, from Patuxent Iron works, a convict ſervant man named STEPHEN KENTT. He was born in the Weſt of England and ſpeaks pretty much in the dialect of that country; is about 45 or 50 years of age, has a meagre countenance, ſhort brown hair which is now pretty much mixed with gray, has ſtoop ſhoulders, a kind of amble or pace in his gait, and is much pitted with the ſmall-pox. He is a currier by trade, and can if he will do tolerable good ſhoemakers work. His apparel is not certainly known, but ſome of it is believed to be pretty good, the reſt ſuch as ſervants are uſually cloathed with. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant ſhall, on delivering him at Patuxent Iron-works aforeſaid, receive if taken 20 miles from home 30 ſhillings, if 30 miles 40 ſhillings, and if 40 miles, or out of the limits of this ſtate, the above reward (including what the law allows) paid by

3w SAM. and JOHN SNOWDEN.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE thouſand acres of land, it being part of that well known tract of land called Long Meadow, lately the property of gen. Hamond, and commonly known by the name of Bocquet's or Dulany's Quarter, ſituate about three or four miles from Hagar's-Town, in Waſhington county, Maryland; it will be ſold in parcels, or the whole together, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Alſo about 400 acres of land, lying about a mile from Sharpeſburg, exceeding rich and well timbered. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living at Long Meadow.

w3 JOSEPH SPRIGG.

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